

THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

Supporting Mothers, Infants and Families Affected by Opiate Use Disorder (OUD)



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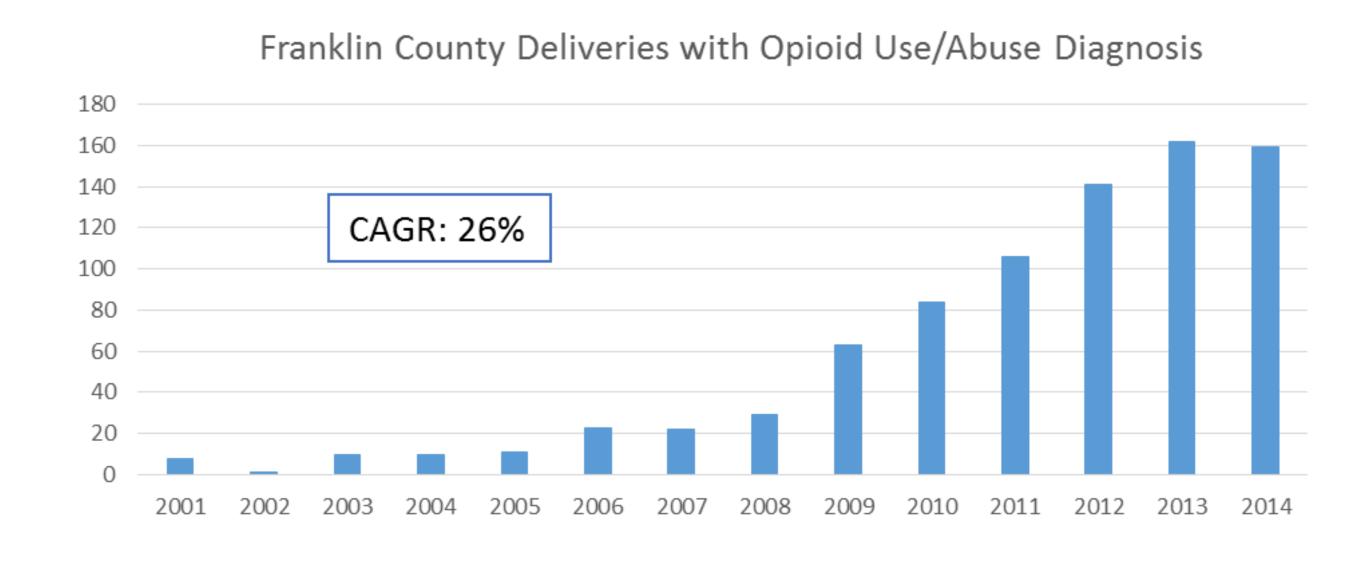
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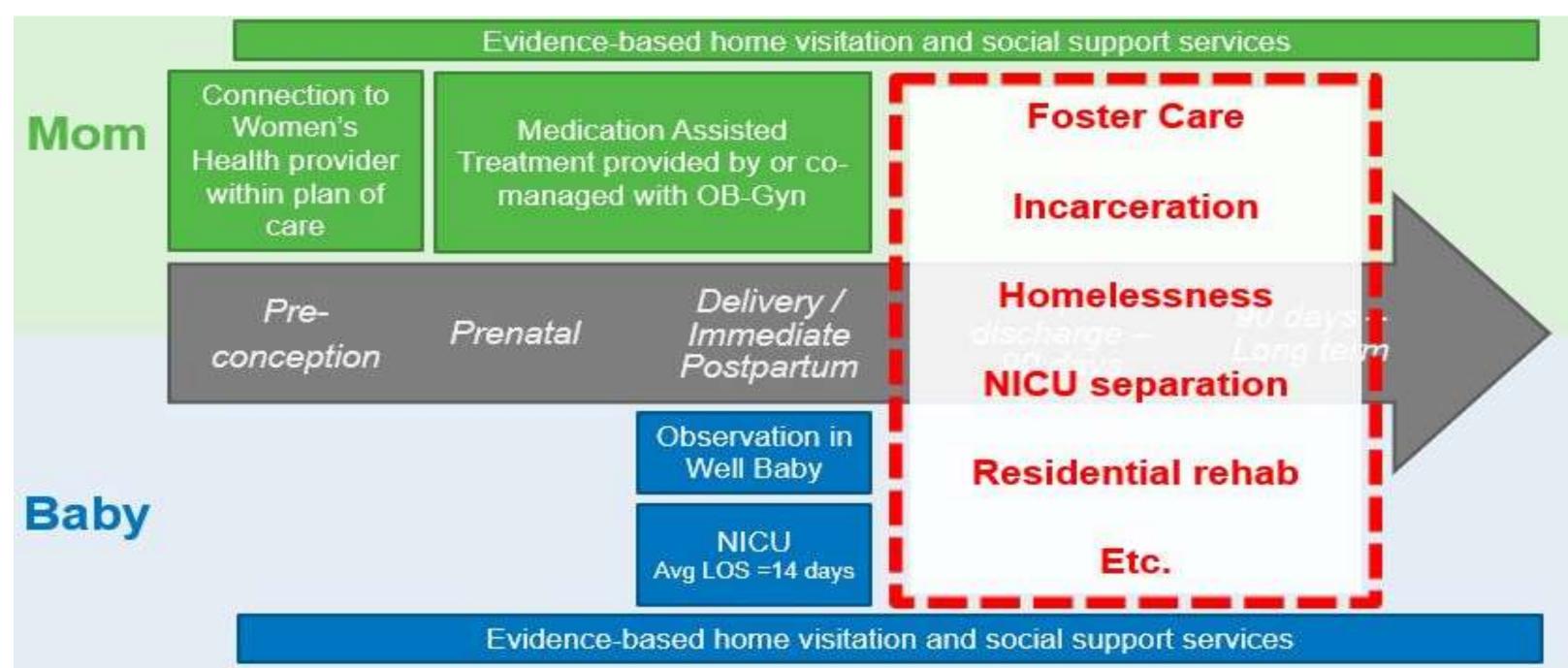
Presented at the 2020 ELAM® Leaders Forum

Background

COLLEGE OF MEDICINE

- The Opioid epidemic continues to be a priority for Ohio legislators and healthcare officials
- Ohio Department of Medicaid has announced support for NAS dyad care models to reduce infant and mother morbidity/mortality





Opportunity

Care Model

- •Create an integrated "step-down" model where mom obtains residential addiction treatment and baby receives supportive care
- Mother maintains custody of baby
- •Include enrollment into evidence-based home visitation
- •Equip mother with strategies for success in caring for infant, life skills and ultimate independence

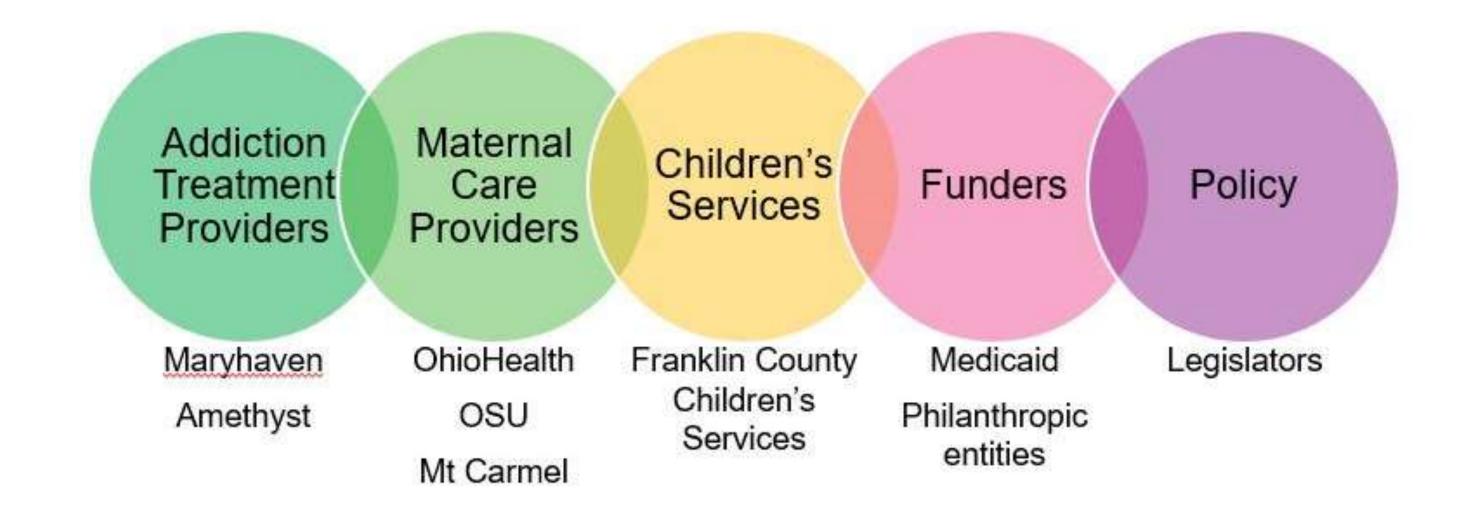
Reimbursement Model

- •Short-term: Community, private funding, grant opportunities
- •Long-term: Create medicaid amendment to establish payment mechanism for dyad care

Methods

Universal Testing

- Engage Central Ohio Hospital Association
- Education of Obstetricians, Pediatricians, OB Directors
- Development of Community Guidelines Mother/Infant Dyad Program
- Needs Gap Assessment
- Business Plan Development
- Discussions with Community Partners
 ADAMH Board
 Mary Haven- Women Resource Center
 Children Services
 Clinicians (OB, Peds and Mental Health)
 Medicaid



Postpartum Care Models

Rooming-in Model Limited maternal focus Only covers immediate postpartum period Hybrid Model Reimbursement and space

24/7 Residential

Future

Reimbursement and space

Results

Universal Testing

- CEOs from 4 central Ohio hospital systems approve community guidelines
- Each hospital system establishing process to test
- Education to community stakeholders including pregnant women
- Universal testing to begin January 4th

Hybrid Model

Mom Residential/ Outpatient

- Medication management
- Group therapy x3-5 per week
- Individual therapy x1-2 per week
- Ongoing planning and engagement with care manager/discharge planner
- Parenting education and wellness activities

Baby Inpatient

- · Daily rounding including medication management
- New baby education
- Participation in home visiting

Leverage Existing Community Program

Lower

Acuity Care

Setting

Reduced maternal mortalityEngagement in treatment

Goals

- Safe spacing
- Saic Spacing
- Continued custodyCont'd benefits enrollment
- Stable relationships
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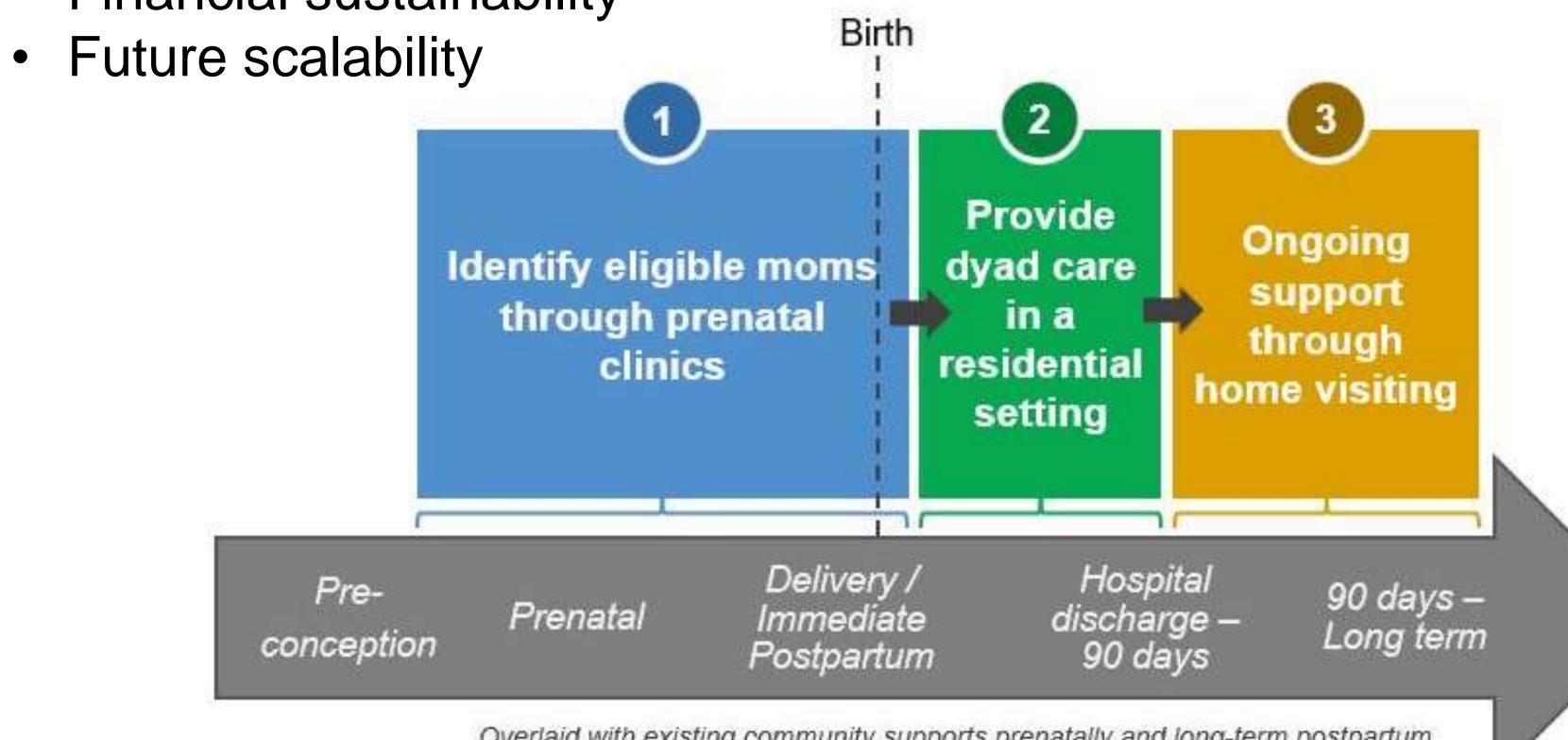
Goals

Decreased length of stay

- Managing without medical treatment
- Decreased days on
- medication
- Reduced infant mortality

Discussion

- Integrate care with community partners
- Demonstration implementation
- Financial sustainability



Overlaid with existing community supports prenatally and long-term postpartum